

## INSTITUTIONAL GOAL

The College will maintain instructional programs and services which support student success and the attainment of student educational goals.

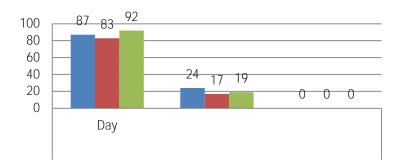
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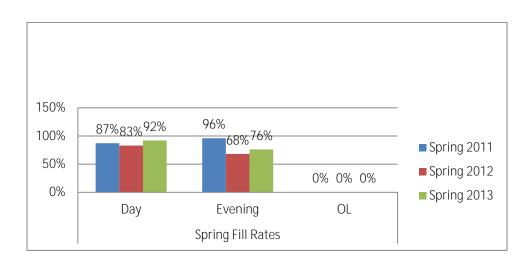
List your previous objectives/goals and associated Institutional Goals. All program goals must address at least one of the institutional goals.

	(Describe past program goals.)		(Check all that appl
	ncement of courses with additional on-li nning and implementation of distance ed	ine activities and exercises for students of ducation in French.	1 2 3 4
Met	∑ Partially Met	☐ Not Met	
online exercices for u analysis will be neces	se both in class and at home as compare	014. The new textbooks contain additiona ed to the old textbooks. A future program to the new textbooks will result in higher	n

Design and implement a course sequence in the form of a cycle of courses offered at regular inte to allow for the obtention of an AA degree in French in two years.	ervals







									EX				
		Day			Day			EX	Day				Online
		Sec-	Day	Day	Mass	Ex Day	Ex Day	Day	Mass	Online	Online	Online	Mass
Term	Program	tions	Fill	Enroll	Cap	Sections	Fill	Enroll	Cap	Sections	Fill	Fill	Cap
Fall 2010	FREN	4	110%	110	100	1	124%	31	25	0	0%	0	0
Fall 2011	FREN	3	97%	73	75	1	56%	14	25	0	0%	0	0
Fall 2012	FREN	3	87%	65	75	1	84%	21	25	0	0%	0	0
Spring 2011	FREN	4	87%	87	100	1	96%	24	25	0	0%	0	0
Spring 2012	FREN	4	83%	83	100	1	68%	17	25	0	0%	0	0
Spring 2013	FREN	4	92%	92	100	1	76%	19	25	0	0%	0	0

b. What are the trends in productivity? (WSCH/FTEF) The goal is 525 as per state guidelines. A low number means that we are below target levels for productivity. For example, in a small class that has a mandated cap of 15 students, the fill rate may be 100% but the productivity number (WSCH/FTEF) will be very low. A class with a cap of 40 students with a 100% fill rate will have a productivity number close to or above 525.

For the period evaluated, the maximum WSCH/FTEF was 478.55 in Fall, 2010. Since then, WSCH/FTEF has varied between a high

of 376.73 to a low of 364.85, except for Spring 2012, which was 339.39. The lowest score may be attributable to difficulties with collection of enrollment fees and change of time blocks due to lack of classrooms.

A more effective evaluation of productivity would be possible if the differences between types of courses being offered were taken into account. If a uniform goal of 525 is set for all classes, regardless of type, lumping large, required lecture courses in with elective courses that have smaller caps, education is reduced to a crude game of numbers, at odds with the mission of IVC, "to promote excellence in education that challenges students of every background to develop their intellect, character and abilities . . . " (mission statement). To resume, the reduction of education to a game of numbers that is tilted towards required lecture courses could be avoided were productivity goals analysed in terms of different types of classes.

c. Discuss and chart the success and retention rates by day, evening (extended day), and online classes in each program and identify gaps.

The overall success rate of 70% shows an increase as compared to the previous three-year evaluation success rate of 66%. The overall retention rate for the period being evalualed is 80% as compared to 81% for the previous three-year program review, demonstrating some stability. In the success and retention data I was provided with in order to respond to these questions, I could not find separate statistics about day and extended day classes. (The French program has no online classes.) For the current evaluation period, the higher rates of retention in French 201 (93% for Fall 2011 and 88% for Spring 2012) and French 211 (93% for Spring 2011) than in the first semester program (83.25% from Fall, 2010 to Spring, 2012) are can be attributed to the greater dedication of students in the second-year program.

Spring 2012	FREN	83	71%	89%	17	65%	76%	0	0%	0%	
Spring		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

 Fall 2011
 0
 0%
 79
 81%
 94%
 2
 100%
 100%
 0
 0%
 6
 67%
 83%

those students can get the courses and credits they need" (page 6). A third recommendation would be to take under consideration that courses with productivity above 525 could be used to offset the relatively low productivity of French 201 and 211. Aimed at insuring the viability of the second-year program in French, this idea was hailed by members of the FMCAT team during their campus visit last year as "the kind of creative thinking" that could be applied to questions of productivity.

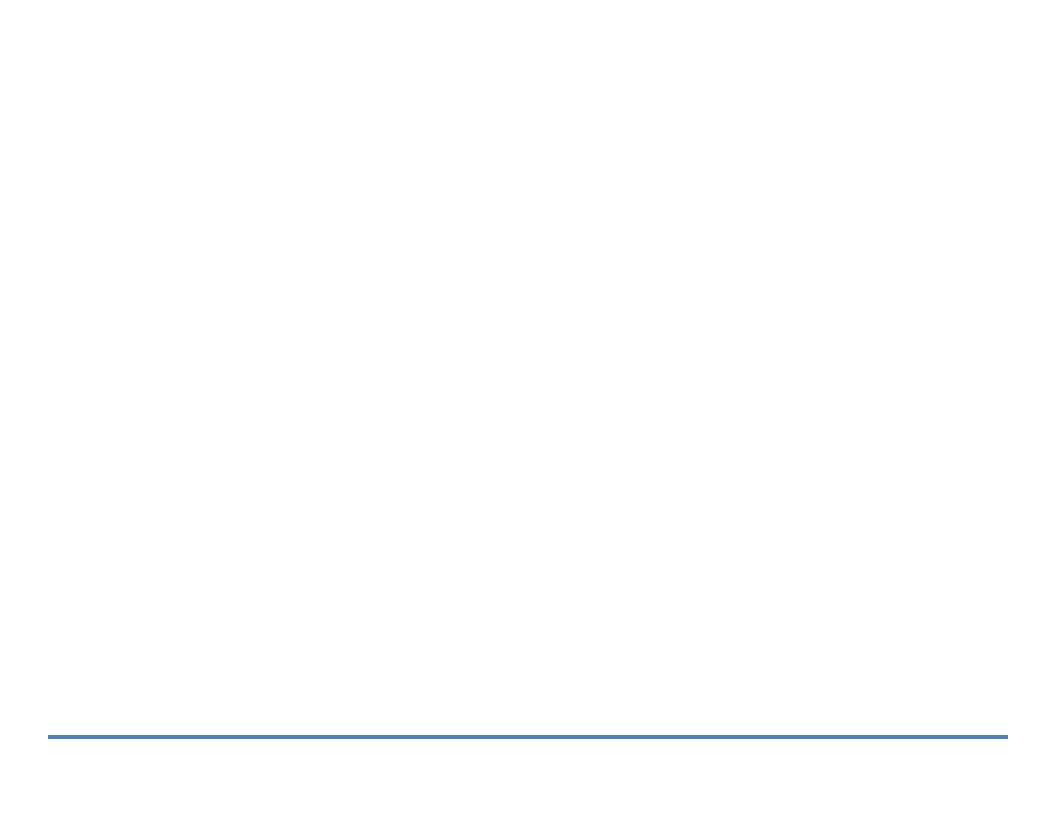
2. Summarize revisions, additions, deletions, or alternate delivery methods to courses and/or program based on the last program review.

Since the last three-year program review, class lectures have undergone extensive revision. Review and recycling of subject matter now take up more time than previously. In addition, the instructor has updated all class lectures concerning grammar with an eye toward making presentations of grammatical structures as clear as possible. New textbooks are being adopted in all French courses. The new first-year text contains a wide variety of online exercises and readings for use in class and at home. The new second-year text was chosen for its attractive presentation of culture, in the form of readings and films in French. If things go as planned, both

exceed the average peak earnings of graduates of professional and preprofessional programs, \$66,185 to \$64,149 (cited in "Liberal Arts Graduates and Employment. Setting the Record Straight", http://www.aacu.org/leap/documents/nchems.pdf.

Given that there is only one instructor in French, FTES are projected to remain stable. Judging from the numerous crashers and high enrollment in French 100, it would be reasonable to think that additional sections of French 100 could be created and filled, were

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four communication results that are exp satisfactory was 45 satisfactory was 40 satisfactory was 67 satisfactory was 64 nature and effective reflected in the data attempts to determall vary from semes based on the data at the expension of the expension	ine the extent to which any single fact ter to semester. Therefore, conclusion	d writing. Resulting data produced For listening, mastery was 44.19%, r speaking, mastery was 47.8%, r reading, mastery was 27.34%, or writing, mastery was 32.5%, tudent ability and performance, the performance of the instructor are all . However, difficulties arise when one tor contributes to the results, since they ns as to the effectiveness of the program oblematic. In addition, please note that	∏ ISLO !
Met	Partially Met	☐ Not Met	_

	Students will demonstrate co	ultural awareness.	⊠ ISLO 1
	<del>-</del>	DI O	☐ ISLO 2
		cultural awareness PLO are also	☐ ISLO 3
-	ited total percentages, as follows: 21.5	9% mastery, 61.72% satisfactory and	☐ ISLO 4
9.5% unsatisfactory	I.		⊠ ISLO 5
Met X	Partially Met	■ Not Met	

## \*\*\*\*\* ATTACH PLO/SLO GRID \*\*\*\*\*

			SLO	Grid				
Course	units	# SLOs Identified	Fall 2010	Spring 2011	Fall 2011	Spring 2012	Fall 2012	Spring 2013
French 100	5	5	5	1	3,5	4	3	5

French